

# Locals 302 and 612 of the International Union of Operating Engineers Trust Funds

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Administered by  
Welfare & Pension Administration Service, Inc.

April 25, 2017

## ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE

For

**Locals 302 and 612 of the International Union of Operating Engineers Employers Construction  
Industry Retirement Plan**

### Introduction

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your multiemployer pension plan (the “Plan”). It also includes general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (“PBGC”), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called “defined benefit pension plans”) must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is required by federal law. This notice is for the plan year beginning January 1, 2016 and ending December 31, 2016 (“Plan Year”).

### How Well Funded Is Your Plan

The law requires the administrator of the Plan to tell you how well the Plan is funded, using a measure called the “funded percentage.” The Plan divides its assets by its liabilities on the Valuation Date for the plan year to get this percentage. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan’s funded percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years is shown in the chart below. The chart also states the value of the Plan’s assets and liabilities for the same period.

<b>Funded Percentage</b>			
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Valuation Date	January 1, 2016	January 1, 2015	January 1, 2014
Funded Percentage	84.0%	86.9%	88.6%
Value of Assets	\$2,425,392,569	\$2,470,842,317	\$2,479,226,916
Value of Liabilities	\$2,888,478,090	\$2,844,458,502	\$2,799,307,669

### Year-End Fair Market Value of Assets

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the Valuation Date. They also are “actuarial values.” Actuarial values differ from market values in that they do not fluctuate daily based on changes in the stock or other markets. Actuarial values smooth out those fluctuations and can allow for more predictable levels of future contributions. Despite the fluctuations, market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan’s funded status at a given point in time. The asset values in the chart below are market values and are measured on the last day of the Plan Year. The chart also includes the year-end market value of the Plan’s assets for each of the two preceding plan years.

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	<b>December 31, 2016</b>	<b>December 31, 2015</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
Fair Market Value of Assets <sup>1</sup>	\$2,239,509,634	\$2,187,420,285	\$2,262,548,224

<sup>1</sup> *The December 31, 2016 fair market value of assets figure is an estimate based on the Plan's unaudited financial statements. The final figure may differ from this estimate once the Plan's regular audit is issued for the Plan Year.*

*The December 31, 2015 fair market value estimate provided in last year's notice has been updated to equal the final audited value.*

**Endangered, Critical, or Critical and Declining Status**

Under federal pension law, a plan generally is in "endangered" status if its funded percentage is less than 80 percent. A plan is in "critical" status if the funded percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). A plan is in "critical and declining" status if it is in critical status and is projected to become insolvent (run out of money to pay benefits) within 15 years (or within 20 years if a special rule applies). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status or critical and declining status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Funding improvement and rehabilitation plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time. The plan sponsor of a plan in critical and declining status may apply for approval to amend the plan to reduce current and future payment obligations to participants and beneficiaries.

The Plan was not in endangered, critical, or critical and declining status in the Plan Year.

**Participant Information**

The total number of participants and beneficiaries covered by the Plan on the valuation date was 18,577. Of this number, 7,301 were current employees, 8,560 were retired and receiving benefits, and 2,716 were retired or no longer working for the employer and have a right to future benefits.

**Funding and Investment Policies**

Every pension plan must have a procedure to establish a funding policy for plan objectives. A funding policy relates to how much money is needed to pay promised benefits. The funding policy of the Plan is to contribute at a level consistent with applicable bargained and special agreement contracts, subject to legislative requirements.

Pension plans also have investment policies. These generally are written guidelines or general instructions for making investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is to seek value-added investment management for all plan assets in the form of above-average, risk-adjusted performance. A long-term view (normally three to five years) is taken with regard to the attainment of quantitative investment objectives for the Plan, recognizing the cyclical nature of the financial markets. Specific goals for the quantitative performance of the total Plan are as follows: (1) the minimum acceptable return on plan assets over a market cycle is the actuarial return assumption for funding the Plan (currently 7.5%); and (2) a return on plan assets that exceeds the indexed benchmark for comparing the overall performance of the Plan. Interim, qualitative judgments are also made relative to the accomplishments of specific objectives for each segment of the overall portfolio.

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Under the Plan’s investment policy, the Plan’s assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

<b>Asset Allocations</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
1. Cash (interest bearing and non-interest bearing)	5%
2. U.S. Government securities	_____
3. Corporate debt instruments (other than employer securities):	_____
Preferred	_____
All other	10%
4. Corporate stocks (other than employer securities):	_____
Preferred	_____
Common	28%
5. Partnership/joint venture interests	8%
6. Real estate (other than employer real property)	16%
7. Loans (other than to participants)	_____
8. Participant loans	_____
9. Value of interest in common/collective trusts	15%
10. Value of interest in pooled separate accounts	1%
11. Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities	11%
12. Value of interest in registered investment companies (e.g., mutual funds)	_____
13. Value of funds held in insurance co. general account (unallocated contracts)	_____
14. Employer-related investments:	_____
Employer Securities	_____
Employer real property	_____
15. Buildings and other property used in plan operation	_____
16. Other	6%

For information about the Plan’s investment in any of the following types of investments – common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, or 103-12 investment entities – contact the plan administrator. The plan administrator’s contact information is located in the section titled “Where to Get More Information.”

**Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report**

Pension plans must file annual reports with the US Department of Labor. The report is called the “Form 5500.” These reports contain financial and other information. You may obtain an electronic copy of your Plan’s annual report by going to [www.efast.dol.gov](http://www.efast.dol.gov) and using the search tool. Annual reports also are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration’s Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling 202.693.8673. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan’s annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Annual reports do not contain personal information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit. You may contact your plan administrator if you want information about your accrued benefits. Your plan administrator is identified below under “Where to Get More Information.”

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**Summary of Rules Governing Insolvent Plans**

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans that become insolvent, either as ongoing plans or plans terminated by mass withdrawal.

The plan administrator is required by law to include a summary of these rules in the annual funding notice. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for that plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at the level specified by law (see "Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC," below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notice of its status to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and the PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected, including loss of a lump sum option.

**Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC**

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only benefits that you have earned a right to receive and that cannot be forfeited (called vested benefits) are guaranteed. There are separate insurance programs with different benefit guarantees and other provisions for single-employer plans and multiemployer plans. Your Plan is covered by the PBGC's multiemployer program. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

*Example 1:* If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$600, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service ( $\$600/10$ ), which equals \$60. The guaranteed amount for a \$60 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus  $\$24.75 (.75 \times \$33)$ , or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is  $\$357.50 (\$35.75 \times 10)$ .

*Example 2:* If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or  $\$200/10$ ). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus  $\$6.75 (.75 \times \$9)$ , or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be  $\$177.50 (\$17.75 \times 10)$ .

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In addition, the PBGC guarantees qualified preretirement survivor benefits (which are preretirement death benefits payable to the surviving spouse of a participant who dies before starting to receive benefit payments). In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under a plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

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For additional information about the PBGC and the pension insurance program guarantees, go to the Multiemployer Page on the PBGC's website at [www.pbgc.gov/multiemployer](http://www.pbgc.gov/multiemployer). Please contact your employer or plan administrator for specific information about your pension plan or pension benefit. The PBGC does not have that information. See "Where to Get More Information," below.

**Where to Get More Information**

For more information about this notice, you may contact:

Welfare & Pension Administration Service, Inc.

Office:  
7525 SE 24<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 200  
Mercer Island, WA 98040

Correspondence:  
P.O. Box 34203  
Seattle, WA 98124

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For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's name and employer identification number, or "EIN," are Trustees of Locals 302 & 612 of the IUOE-Employers Construction Industry Retirement Plan and 91-6028571.

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